DESCRIPTION OF ACHATINA STUDLEYI, N.SP., FROM OLD CALABAR, WEST AFRICA.

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ACHATINA STUDLEYI, n.sp.

A. testa ovata, tumidula, apud apicem paullum attenuata, tenui, anfractibus 8, apicali incluso, unicolore, simplice, exteris ventricosulis, minute sed regulariter granulosis, pallide stramineis, flammis zebrinis castaneo-brunneis longitudinaliter depictis, ultimo anfractu infra medium lævi, eleganter castaneo-suffuso, ad medium, ut apud anfractus superiores, granuloso, et flammis longitudinalibus decorato, apertura oblonga, labro extus tenui. Long. 63, lat. 31 mm.

Hab.—Old Calabar. Coll. T. Studley, Comm. E. L. Layard, C.M.G. This is a most distinct and beautiful species, though in many ways similar to the Natalese *A. semigranosa* and *A. granulata*, Pfr. It is thin crate dightly attempted

It is thin, ovate, slightly attenuate towards the apex, eight-whorled, the upper whorls, and upper half of the lowest, being minutely granular, these granules being very small and regular; below the middle the last whorl is smooth, and beautifully suffused with bright chestnut - brown; the groundcolour of all the whorls is pale-straw, but they are ornamented with longitudinal dark-brown zebra-like markings. The aperture is oblong, within bluish, outer lip thin.

Mr. E. L. Layard says it must be common in the district whence it came, since it is sold in the markets and largely eaten by the natives. We hope before long to obtain a full-grown specimen; and fully anticipate that when seen in its finest condition this will rank as one of the most striking species in the genus.

At the request of Mr. Layard, we name it in honour of Mr. T. Studley, its discoverer.



.1chatina Studleyi, n.sp.